STAFF USE ONLY

PROJECT NUMBER: R2010-00416 CASE: RADV T2010-000017

**** DRAFT INITIAL STUDY ****

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF REGIONAL PLANNING

GENERAL INFORMATION

I.A. Map Date: <u>N/A</u>	Staff Member: Gretchen Siemers
Thomas Guide: <u>N/A</u>	USGS Quad: <u>N/A</u>
Location: <u>Countywide</u>	
(Subdivisions) of the Los Angeles County Code disabilities. The proposed ordinance creates a accommodation, which is defined as a waiver or methat may be reasonable and necessary for a person version of the Los Angeles County Code disabilities.	amending Title 22 (Planning and Zoning) and Title 21 e related to reasonable accommodations for persons with a discretionary administrative procedure for reasonable odification to regulations, policies, procedures and standards with a disability to have an equal opportunity to use and enjoy eral fair housing laws. The ordinance applies to all the
Gross Area: <u>N/A</u>	
Environmental Setting: <u>Countywide – Unincorp</u>	porated Areas
Zoning: Requests for reasonable accommodation	are permitted in conjunction with any residential use.
General Plan: Countywide	
Community/Area Wide Plan: Countywide	

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Major projects in area:		
Project Number	Description & Status	
_ <i>N/A</i>		
NOTE: For EIRs, above p	rojects are not sufficient for cumulat	ive analysis.
	REVIEWING AGENCIES	
Responsible Agencies	Special Reviewing Agencies	Regional Significance
None Non	None	None
Regional Water Quality	Santa Monica Mountains	SCAG Criteria
Control Board	Conservancy	☐ Air Quality
Los Angeles Region		
Lahontan Region	□ National Forest	Santa Monica Mtns Area
Coastal Commission	☐ Edwards Air Force Base	County Reviewing Agencies
☐ Army Corps of Engineers☐	Resource ConservationDistrict of the Santa MonicaMtns.	Subdivision Committee
Trustee Agencies	State of California Housing and Community Development Department	□ DPW: Traffic and Lighting, ☐ Geotechnical and Materials ☐ Engineering, Grading and ☐ Drainage, Waterworks and ☐ Grading and ☐ Drainage, Waterworks and
None	State of California Office of	Sewer Maintenance.
	Planning and Research	Public Health: <u>Environmental</u> <u>Health</u> ; <u>Land Use Program</u>
State Parks		
		∇ Public Library
		Sheriff

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		ANALYSIS SUMMARY (See individual pages for details)						
IMPACT ANALYSIS MATRIX			Less than Significant Impact/No Impact					
			Less than Significant Impact with Project Mitiga					
						Potentially Significant Impact		
CATEGORY	FACTOR	Pg				Potential Concern		
HAZARDS	1. Geotechnical	5	X					
	2. Flood	7	X					
	3. Fire	9	\boxtimes					
	4. Noise	40	\boxtimes					
RESOURCES	1. Water Quality	11	\boxtimes					
	2. Air Quality	13	X					
	3. Biota	14	\boxtimes					
	4. Cultural Resources	16	\boxtimes					
	5. Mineral Resources	17	\boxtimes					
	6. Agriculture Resources	18	\boxtimes					
	7. Visual Qualities	19	\boxtimes					
SERVICES	1. Traffic/Access	20	X					
	2. Sewage Disposal	21	X					
	3. Education	22	X					
	4. Fire/Sheriff	23	\boxtimes					
	5. Utilities	24	\boxtimes					
OTHER	1. General	25	\boxtimes					
	2. Environmental Safety	26	\boxtimes					
	3. Land Use	28	\boxtimes					
	4. Pop./Hous./Emp./Rec.	29	\boxtimes					
	Mandatory Findings	30						

Environmental Finding:

FIN/	AL DETERMINATION: On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Regional Planning finds that this project qualifies for the following environmental document:
	NEGATIVE DECLARATION, inasmuch as the proposed project will not have a significant effect on the environment.
	An Initial Study was prepared on this project in compliance with the State CEQA Guidelines and the environmental reporting procedures of the County of Los Angeles. It was determined that this project will not exceed the established threshold criteria for any environmental/service factor and, as a result, will not have a significant effect on the physical environment.
	MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION, inasmuch as the changes required for the project will reduce impacts to insignificant levels (see attached discussion and/or conditions).
	An Initial Study was prepared on this project in compliance with the State CEQA Guidelines and the environmental reporting procedures of the County of Los Angeles. It was originally determined that the proposed project may exceed established threshold criteria. The applicant has agreed to modification of the project so that it can now be determined that the project will not have a significant effect on the physical environment. The modification to mitigate this impact(s) is identified on the Project Changes/Conditions Form included as part of this Initial Study.
	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT*, inasmuch as there is substantial evidence that the project may have a significant impact due to factors listed above as "significant."
	At least one factor has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to legal standards, and has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on the attached sheets (see attached Form DRP/IA 101). The EIR is required to analyze only the factors not previously addressed.
Rev	lewed by: <u>Gretchen Siemers, Regional Planning Assistant II, Housing Section</u> Date: <u>1/20/2011</u>
	& Lin
Арр	roved by: <u>Connie Chung, AICP, Supervising Regional Planner, Housing Section</u> Date: <u>1/20/2011</u>

				HAZARDS - 1. Geotechnical
SE	TTIN	G/IMF	PACTS	J
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.				Is the project site located in an active or potentially active fault zone, Seismic Hazards Zone, or Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from exposing people or
				structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death
				involving rupture of a known active fault zone, seismic hazard zone or Alquist-Priolo Earthquake
				Fault Zone. Although all of the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County lie within a general
				region of known fault zones and seismic activity (per California Seismic Hazards maps,
				California Special Study Zones maps, Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plate
				1), the project is a discretionary procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> that may
				result in a modification to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and/or Zoning
				Code.
				Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and
				may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public
				Works, including a geotechnical report if located in a fault zone. In addition, all future requests
				for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable.
				Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within an area with an active or
				potentially active fault zone, Seismic Hazards Zone, or Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone,
				the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation, as defined in Public
				Resources Code Section 2693(c), may be required. Furthermore, future requests for reasonable
				accommodation are subject to the state law, which prohibits structures for human occupancy
				within 50 feet of an active fault trace, with the exception of individual single family residences
				and mobilehomes.
				Nonetheless, the existence of known fault zones creates the potential for seismic hazards. The
				degree of seismic ground shaking would depend on the characteristics of the earthquake,
				including the generating fault, the distance to the epicenter, the magnitude of the earthquake, and
				the site-specific geologic conditions. Compliance with the California Building Code (CBC)
				includes the incorporation of seismic safety features, such as proper building footings and proper
				structure, and a registered engineer would review the project plans to ensure that all required
				earthquake safety measures are incorporated and the building design conforms to the CBS
				requirements. Such compliance with existing standards and requirements would ensure an
				adequate level of protection from seismic hazards. In addition, the proposed ordinance would not
				be expected to result in strong seismic ground shaking or associated impacts. Therefore, there
				would be no expected impacts from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse
				effects involving strong seismic ground shaking. Furthermore, a reasonable accommodation
				cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan
				discourages, prohibits and regulates residential uses in active or potentially active fault zones,
				seismic hazards zones, and Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones, it is unlikely that a
				reasonable accommodation will locate a project within any of these areas, or create significant
				impacts.
b.			\boxtimes	Is the project site located in an area containing a major landslide(s)?
υ.	Ш	Ш		The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from exposing people or
				structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death
				involving major landslides. While there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County

that contain landslides and are not suitable for development (per Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plate 5), the proposed ordinance is a discretionary procedure and would not likely cause development to locate in such areas. Future requests for *reasonable accommodation* are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los

Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for *reasonable accommodations* are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a *reasonable accommodation* would be located within an area with high slope instability, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation, as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), would be required. However, a request for reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages and regulates residential uses in major landslide areas, it is unlikely that a reasonable accommodation, will locate a project within such an area, or create significant impacts.

		impacts.
C.		Is the project site located in an area having high slope instability? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts to geology and soils in relation to location on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide or collapse. Although there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that have high slope instability and are not suitable for development, the project is a discretionary procedure and would not likely cause impacts. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a <i>reasonable accommodation</i> would be located within an area with high slope instability, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation, as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), would be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, and because the General Plan discourages development in, and regulates areas with high slope instability, through such mechanisms as the County's Hillside Management provisions, it is unlikely that a reasonable accommodation will locate a project within such an area, or create significant impacts.
d.		Is the project site subject to high subsidence, high groundwater level, liquefaction, or hydrocompaction? Although there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that contain high subsidence, high groundwater level, liquefaction, or hydrocompaction, and may not be suitable for development (per Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plates 3 and 4), the proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from exposing people or structures to potential adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury or death involving high subsidence, high groundwater level, liquefaction, or hydrocompaction. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within an area where historic occurrence of liquefaction, or local geological, geotechnical, and groundwater conditions, indicate a potential for permanent ground displacements, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), would be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan regulates areas subject to high subsidence, high groundwater level, liquefaction and hydrocompaction, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in any of these areas or create significant impacts.
e.		Is the proposed project considered a sensitive use (school, hospital, public assembly site) located in close proximity to a significant geotechnical hazard? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in the location of sensitive uses in close proximity to a significant geologic hazard. Reasonable accommodations are associated with residential uses, which are considered sensitive uses. A reasonable accommodation cannot

fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan regulates geotechnical hazards, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in proximity to a significant geotechnical hazards, or create significant impacts. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant geotechnical hazard, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), may be required.

f.		Will the project entail substantial grading and/or alteration of topography including slopes of more than 25%? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in significant impacts from development that entails substantial grading and/or alteration of topography. There are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that have high slope instability and are not suitable for development. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would entail substantial grading and/or alteration of topography including slopes of more than 25 percent, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), may be required. Furthermore, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages and regulates substantial grading and/or alteration of topography, including the County's Hillside Management provisions, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in substantial grading and/or alteration of topography, or create significant impacts.
g.		Would the project be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from developments located on expansive soil. While there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that contain expansive soil, the proposed ordinance creates a discretionary procedure and would not be expected to result in impacts to geology and soils in relation to location on expansive soil creating substantial risks to life or property. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County's building code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a <i>reasonable accommodation</i> would be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation as defined in Public Resources Code Section 2693(c), may be required. Furthermore, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages risks to life and property, a reasonable accommodation in and of itself would not locate a project on expansive, or create significant impacts.
h.		Other factors?

STANDARD CODE REQUIREMENTS

Building Ordinance No. 2225 C Sections 308B, 309, 310 and 311 and Chapters 29 and 70.

■ MITIGATION	MEASURES /	OTHER CONSIDERATIONS
Lot Size	☐ Project Design	Approval of Geotechnical Report by DPW

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact to geology and soils, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to geology and soils in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the California Geological Survey Seismic Hazard Zone Report for the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) topographic quadrangle maps; the County of Los Angeles General Plan; and most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning (APEFZ) Maps.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on geology and soils that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant geotechnical hazard, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION

	ormation, could the project have a significant im	pact (individ	lually o	r cumulatively)
on, or be impacted by, geo			(l	- ' - · · · 'C' · · (/N.) -
impact	Less than significant with project mitigation	Less	tnan	significant/No
impact				

	HAZARDS - <u>2. Flood</u>						
SETTING/IMPACTS							
Yes No Maybe							
a.				Is a major drainage course, as identified on USGS quad sheets by a dashed line, located on the project site? While, there are major drainage courses located within the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County (per USGS maps), the proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts to major drainage courses in a manner that would result in flooding on site or off site. The project is a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and/or Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and floodway provisions, as applicable, and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within a major drainage course, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the siting of projects on major			
				drainage courses, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such an area,			
				or create significant impacts.			
b.				Is the project site located within or does it contain a floodway, floodplain, or designated flood hazard zone? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in development being located within or be located in areas that contain a floodway, floodplain or designated flood hazard zone. There are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that contain a floodway, floodplain, or designated flood hazard zone (per Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plate 6). Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and floodway provisions, as applicable, and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan prohibits and discourages residential developments in floodways, floodplains, and flood zones, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project within any of these areas, or create significant impacts.			
C.				Is the project site located in or subject to high mudflow conditions? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in development being located in or subject to high mudflow conditions. While there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that are subject to high mudflow conditions, the proposed project is a discretionary procedure and would not likely result in significant impacts. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County's building code and floodway provisions, as applicable, and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for <i>reasonable</i>			

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MITIGATION MEASURES /

reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan and the County Code discourage residential developments in areas in or subject to high mudflow conditions, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such areas, or create significant impacts. d. \square Could the project contribute or be subject to high erosion and debris deposition from run off? Although there are some portions of unincorporated Los Angeles County that are subject to high erosion and debris disposition from runoff, the proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts to hydrology and water quality in relation to alteration of existing drainage patterns in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and floodway provisions, as applicable, and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEOA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages development in areas with flood hazards, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to located a project in such an area or create significant impacts. \square \square \square Would the project substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of a site or area subject to a request for reasonable accommodation. While there are some areas within unincorporated Los Angeles County where existing drainage patterns may be altered, the proposed project is a discretionary procedure and would not likely cause such impacts. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and floodway provisions, as applicable, and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEOA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with altering drainage patterns, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate a project that would substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site area Other factors (e.g., dam failure)? ____ STANDARD CODE REQUIREMENTS Building Ordinance No. 2225 C Section 308A Ordinance No. 12,114 (Floodways) Approval of Drainage Concept by DPW

☐ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a

DRAFT January 19, 2011 ☐ Lot Size ☐ Project Design

The potential for impacts related to hydrological and flood hazards in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the applicable County of Los Angeles General Plan, State of California Regional Water Quality Control Board Basin Plan for the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board Los Angeles Basin Plan, National Flood Insurance Program Flood Insurance Rate Maps for the County of Los Angeles, and the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) topographic quadrangle maps.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to hydrology that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death due to flooding. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health). Some projects will require approval of a drainage concept from the Department of Public Works. Furthermore, future requests for reasonable accommodation will be required to comply with County Code requirements for setbacks or other measures to avoid flood hazard impacts, as well as General Plan policies that discourage development in flood prone areas (per Los Angeles County General Plan Conservation and Open Space Element Policy 22).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION				
Considering the above info	ormation, could the project have a significant impa	act (individ	ually o	r cumulatively)
on, or be impacted by floo	d (hydrological) factors?			
☐ Potentially significant	Less than significant with project mitigation	Less	than	significant/No
impact				

				HAZARDS - <u>3. Fire</u>
SE	TTIN	G/IMF	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.	Yes	NO	Maybe \(\sigma\)	Is the project site located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (Fire Zone 4)? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to allow for new development to locate in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (Fire Zone 4). While there are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that are located in Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones (Fire Zone 4, per Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plate 7), the project is a discretionary procedure that will not likely result in such impacts. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's Fire Code and require the appropriate approvals, including clearance prior to occupancy, from the Los Angeles County Fire Department, as applicable. Requests for reasonable accommodation that are located in Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones may require additional review by the Fire Department (Source: Los Angeles County Fire Department). In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages residential uses in fire hazard areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project within a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (Fire Zone 4), or create significant impacts.
b.				Is the project site in a high fire hazard area and served by inadequate access due to lengths, widths, surface materials, turnarounds or grade? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to allow for development in a high fire hazard area that is served by inadequate access due to lengths, widths, surface materials, turnarounds or grades. There are some unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County that are located in Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones (Fire Zone 4, per Los Angeles County General Plan Safety Element Plate 7). Access issues identified in association with future requests for reasonable accommodation will be addressed during the Department of Public Works and the Fire Department's review and permit approval process. In addition, Fire Department clearance may be required prior to occupancy (Source: Los Angeles County Fire Department). In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages fire hazards, such as inadequate access, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such an area or create significant impacts.
C.				Does the project site have more than 75 dwelling units on a single access in a high fire hazard area? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in more than 75 dwelling units on a single access in a high fire hazard area. The project is a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Because a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages residential developments in fire hazard areas and inadequate access, a reasonable accommodation is not

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				likely to locate a project in such an area or create significant impacts.	
d.				Is the project site located in an area having inadequate water and pressure to meet fire flow standards? Although there are unincorporated areas with inadequate water and pressure to meet fire hazard conditions, the proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in such development. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's Fire Code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Fire Department. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation is located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages projects that would place people and property at risk of fire hazards, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate a project with inadequate water and pressure to meet fire flow standards.	
e.				Is the project site located in close proximity to potential dangerous fire hazard conditions/uses (such as refineries, flammables, explosives manufacturing)? Although there are unincorporated areas in close proximity to potential dangerous fire hazard conditions, the proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in such development. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County's Fire Code and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Fire Department. In addition, all future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a <i>reasonable accommodation</i> is located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with locating a project in close proximity to potentially dangerous fire hazard conditions, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such areas or create significant impacts.	
f.				Does the proposed use constitute a potentially dangerous fire hazard? Because a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages potentially dangerous fire hazard conditions, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such areas or create significant impacts. Therefore, a reasonable accommodation would not constitute a fire hazard.	
g.				Other factors?	
	STANDARD CODE REQUIREMENTS				
		SATIO ct Des		ASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS Compatible Use	

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a reasonable accommodation

procedure may have a significant impact related to fire hazards, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. Fires are natural and man-made threats that can pose a substantial or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly managed. Fires may be caused by reactive or ignitable hazardous wastes that appear on special Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) lists. The potential for the impacts related to fire hazards in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated based on expert opinion supported by facts, review of environmental databases, and the County of Los Angeles General Plan.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to the environment that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death due to fires. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION

Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on, or be impacted by **fire hazard** factors?

DRAFT January 19, 201	1		
Potentially significant impact	Less than significant with project mitigation	∑Less tha	n significant/No

HAZARDS - 4. Noise

				HAZANDS - <u>4. NOISE</u>
SE	TTIN	G/IMF	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.				Is the project site located near a high noise source (airports, railroads, freeways, industry)? While it is possible that projects could be located near excessive noise levels if they are located near existing noise sources, such as freeways, railroads, raceways, airports, or industrial operations, the proposed ordinance would not be expected to locate development near a high noise source. The project is an ordinance to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's building code and noise ordinance and may require approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works and Department of Public Health (Environmental Health), as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a CEQA review indicates that a particular reasonable accommodation would be located in such an area, the project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects sensitive uses from high noise sources, a reasonable
				accommodation is not likely to locate a residential project near a high noise source, or create
				significant impacts.
b.			\boxtimes	Is the proposed use considered sensitive (school, hospital, senior citizen facility) or are there other sensitive uses in close proximity?
				Reasonable accommodations are associated with residential uses and can be located in proximity to sensitive uses. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County's building code and noise ordinance and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, and Department of Public Health (Environmental Health), as applicable. In addition, all future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a
				reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan and County Code regulate noise impacts on sensitive uses, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create significant impacts to sensitive uses.
C.				Could the project substantially increase ambient noise levels including those associated with special equipment (such as amplified sound systems) or parking areas associated with the project? <u>Future requests for reasonable accommodation are expected to generate noise levels that are</u>
				consistent with residential uses. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject
				to the County's building code and noise ordinance and may require the appropriate approvals from the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works, and Department of Public Health
				(Environmental Health), as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable
				accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any
				impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning

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program and as the General Plan protects sensitive uses against noise impacts, a reasonable

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a reasonable accommodation procedure may have a significant impact related to noise, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to noise in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles General Plan and the County Noise Control Ordinance (Ordinances 11778 and 11773).

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to the environment that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential increased noise levels and/or vibration. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are

CONCLUSION

exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health). In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodations will be required to meet current noise standards and comply with the County Noise Ordinance. Developments associated with requests for reasonable accommodation that are subject to project-level environmental review and located near uses that produce 45 decibels or greater could incorporate sound attenuation measures, such as the installation of sound walls, to protect occupants from these noise impacts.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on, or be adversely impacted by **noise**? ☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No impact

RESOURCES - 1. Water Quality

SETTING/IMPACTS Yes No Mavbe a. \boxtimes Is the project site located in an area having known water quality problems and proposing the use of individual water wells? There are unincorporated areas that are known to have water quality problems. Future requests for reasonable accommodation may be located in areas that require the use of individual water wells. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Projects facilitated by the ordinance are subject to County health and plumbing provisions, and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Public Health (Environmental Health), Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with locating projects in areas with known water quality problems and the use of individual water wells, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such areas, or create significant impacts. Will the proposed project require the use of a private sewage disposal system? b. \bowtie There are unincorporated areas that are known to require private sewage systems. Requests for reasonable accommodation may be located in areas served by private onsite sewage disposal systems. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County health and plumbing provisions, and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Public Health (Environmental Health) and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate the impacts associated the use of a private sewage disposal system. \boxtimes If the answer is yes, is the project site located in an area having known septic tank limitations due to high groundwater or other geotechnical limitations or is the project proposing on-site systems located in close proximity to a drainage course? There are unincorporated areas that are known to have septic tank limitations. Requests for reasonable accommodation may be located in or in proximity to these areas. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are be subject to County health and plumbing provisions, and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Public Health (Environmental Health) and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed a through a project level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with private sewage systems in limited areas, a

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reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such an area, propose on-site systems located in close proximity to a drainage course, or create significant impacts.

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с. 🗌			Could the project's associated construction activities significantly impact the quality of groundwater and/or storm water runoff to the storm water conveyance system and/or receiving water bodies? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements, and may require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Public Health (Environmental Health) and Public Works, as well as the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages impacts to quality of groundwater and/or storm water runoff to the storm water conveyance system and/or receiving water bodies, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate construction activities that create such impacts.		
d. 🗌			Could the project's post-development activities potentially degrade the quality of storm water runoff and/or could post-development non-storm water discharges contribute potential pollutants to the storm water conveyance system and/or receiving bodies? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County NPDES requirements, and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Public Health (Environmental Health) and Public Works, as well as the RWQCB, as applicable. In addition, all future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages impacts that degrade the quality of stormwater runoff and/or pollute stormwater conveyance systems and receiving water bodies, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate activities to create such impacts.		
e. 🗌			Other factors?		
☐ Indu ⊠ Plum	strial Walling C	/aste code C	REQUIREMENTS Permit		

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to water quality, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to water quality in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the applicable County of Los Angeles General Plan, State of California Regional Water Quality Control Board Basin Plan for the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board Los Angeles Basin Plan.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to the environment that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential degraded water quality. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on, or be impacted by, water quality problems? ☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No impact

RESOURCES - 2. Air Quality SETTING/IMPACTS Yes No Maybe \bowtie Will the proposed project exceed the State's criteria for regional significance a. (generally (a) 500 dwelling units for residential uses or (b) 40 gross acres, 650,000 square feet of floor area or 1,000 employees for nonresidential uses)? The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Given its limited scope, the ordinance is not likely to result in reasonable accommodation to facilitate projects that exceed the State's criteria for regional significance. b. M Is the proposal considered a sensitive use (schools, hospitals, parks) and located near a freeway or heavy industrial use? Reasonable accommodation is associated with residential uses and can be located in proximity to sensitive uses. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with locating sensitive uses near freeways and heavy industrial uses, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project near a freeway or heavy industrial use, or create significant impacts. C. \boxtimes Will the project increase local emissions to a significant extent due to increased traffic congestion or use of a parking structure, or exceed AQMD thresholds of potential significance? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with significantly increasing local emissions or exceeding AOMD thresholds, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create such impacts. \boxtimes Will the project generate or is the site in close proximity to sources which create d. obnoxious odors, dust, and/or hazardous emissions? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with generating or locating in close proximity to air pollution sources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create such impacts. \boxtimes Would the project conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEOA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan is consistent with the goals of the South Coast Air Quality Management Plan, a

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reasonable accommodation is not likely to conflict with or obstruct the implementation of the

South Coast Air Quality Management Plan.

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f. 🗌 🖺	Would the project violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with violating air quality standards or contributing significantly to existing/project air quality violations, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.
g. 🗌 🖺	Would the project result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with increasing air pollutants, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant.
h. 🗌 🗎	Other factors:
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Health and Sa $^-$	DE REQUIREMENTS Ifety Code Section 40506 MEASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS O Air Quality Report
The above analysis	s is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to air quality, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to air quality in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan, the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), the California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS), and the Clean Air Act (CAA). Data on existing air quality in the South Coast Air Basin, in which the area affected by the proposed ordinance is located, is monitored by a network of air monitoring stations operated by the California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA), Air Resources Board (CARB) and the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to the environment that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential degraded air quality. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the

construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for *reasonable accommodation* that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on, or be impacted by, **air quality**? Potentially significant Less than significant with project mitigation Less than significant/No impact

				RESOURCES - 3. Biota
SE	TTING	G/IM	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.	Yes	No	Maybe	Is the project site located within a Significant Ecological Area (SEA), SEA Buffer, or coastal Sensitive Environmental Resource (ESHA, etc.), or is the site relatively undisturbed and natural? Although there are many areas within unincorporated Los Angeles County are relatively natural and undisturbed (Source: Los Angeles County SEA and ESHA maps), the proposed ordinance would not be expected to allow development in such areas. The project is a discretionary procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are be subject to the County environmental policies and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, such as Oak Tree Permits, and SEATAC and ERB reviews, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA and other reviews, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan prohibits, discourages and regulates
				environmentally sensitive areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project within a Significant Ecological Area (SEA), SEA Buffer or coastal Sensitive Environmental Resource Area (ESHA, etc.), nor is it likely to be located in a relatively undisturbed or natural area. (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Land Use Element Policy 13 and Conservation and Open Space Element Policy 7). Furthermore, a reasonable accommodation is unlikely to create significant impacts.
b.				Will grading, fire clearance, or flood related improvements remove substantial natural habitat areas? Future requests for reasonable accommodation will require the appropriate permits and approvals from the Department of Fire, Public Works, and Public Health (Environmental Health), as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the
				land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourage impacts to natural habitat areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in grading, fire clearance or flood related improvements that will substantially remove these areas, or create significant impacts. (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Conservation and Open Space Element Policy 12).
C.				Is a major drainage course located on the project site that is depicted on USGS quad sheets by a blue dashed line or that may contain a bed, channel, or bank of any perennial, intermittent or ephemeral river, stream or lake? Although unincorporated Los Angeles County contains many areas with major drainage courses, the proposed ordinance would not likely locate development in such areas. (Source: USGS Quad Sheets). Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject

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to the County environmental policies and may require the appropriate permits and

approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, such as Oak Tree Permits, and SEATAC and ERB reviews, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages impacts such as projects that include a major drainage course or may contain a bed, channel, or bank of any perennial, intermittent or ephemeral river, stream or lake, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project on or near such areas, or create significant impacts. (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Land Use Element Policy 13 and Conservation and Open Space Element Policy 7).

d.		Does the project site contain a major riparian or other sensitive habitat (e.g., coastal sage scrub, oak woodland, sycamore riparian woodland, wetland, etc.)? Unincorporated Los Angeles County contains many areas with major riparian and other sensitive habitats. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County environmental policies and may require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, such as Oak Tree Permits, and SEATAC and ERB reviews, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and other reviews, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects watersheds, streams, and riparian vegetation, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in a major riparian or other sensitive habitat (e.g. coastal sage scrub, oak woodlands, sycamore riparian woodland, wetland, etc.), or create significant impacts. (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Conservation and Open Space Element policy 12).
e.		Does the project site contain oak or other unique native trees (specify kinds of trees)? There are oaks and other unique native trees within the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to the County environmental policies and may require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, such as Oak Tree Permits, and SEATAC and ERB reviews, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and other reviews, and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects oaks and native trees, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create impacts to contain oak or other unique native trees.
f.		Is the project site habitat for any known sensitive species (federal or state listed endangered, etc.)? There are some unincorporated areas that contain sensitive species. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental policies and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional

Planning. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects natural habitats with sensitive species, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in a habitat for any known sensitive species listed by the federal or state government, or create significant impacts.

g.			Other factors (e.g., wildlife corridor, adjacent open space linkage)?	
			SURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS	
□ Lo	t Size	Projec	ct Design ⊠ Oak Tree Permit ⊠ ERB/SEATAC Review	

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to biological resources, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to biological resources in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan; in coordination with resource agencies (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and California Department of Fish and Game); a query of the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB); and a review of published and unpublished literature germane to the proposed ordinance.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to biological resources. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future

requests for *reasonable accommodation* are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION					
Considering the above i	nformation, could the	project have a	significant i	mpact (individually	/ OI
cumulatively) on biotic res	ources?				
☐ Potentially significant impact	Less than signification	nt with project mitic	gation 🛮 Le	ess than significan	t/Nc

RESOURCES - 4. Archaeological / Historical / Paleontological

o-	RESOURCES - 4. Archaeological / Historical / Paleontological SETTING/IMPACTS							
SE								
a.			Maybe ⊠	Is the project site in or near an area containing known archaeological resources or containing features (drainage course, spring, knoll, rock outcroppings, or oak trees)				
				which indicate potential archaeological sensitivity? There are areas that contain known archeological resources or that contain features				
				(drainage course, spring, knoll, rock outcroppings, or oak trees), which indicate potential archeological sensitivity within the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. The				
				project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> for residential uses, and may result in the				
				granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to				
				project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required.				
				As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects areas of known archeological resources or				
				areas that indicate potential archaeological sensitivity, a reasonable accommodation is not				
				likely to locate a project in or near such an area, or create significant impacts.				
b.				Does the project site contain rock formations indicating potential paleontological resources?				
				There are areas that contain rock formations indicating potential paleontological resources. Vasquez Rocks, which contains unique geological rock formations and is considered a				
				<u>cultural resource</u> , is located in unincorporated Santa Clarita Valley and within a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (Source: Preliminary Draft Santa Clarita Valley Area Plan,				
				2008). Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed				
				through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program				
				and as the General Plan protects areas with potential paleontological resources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in such an area, or create				
				significant impacts.				
c.				Does the project site contain known historic structures or sites? There is an estimated 17 historical or cultural resource sites in unincorporated Los Angeles				
				County (Source: LA County Draft General Plan). Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a				
				reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to facilitate a project that contains known historic structures or sites, or create significant impacts.				
d.			\boxtimes	Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a				
				historical or archaeological resource as defined in 15064.5? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation				
				may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of				

	the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects historical and
	archaeological resources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to cause a substantial
	adverse change in the significance of a historical or archeological resource as defined in
	15064.5.
e. 🗌 🗎 🖂	Would the project directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?
	Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as
	applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable
	accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program
	and as the General Plan protects paleontological, geologic and other resources, a reasonable
	accommodation is not likely to directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological
	resource or site of unique geologic feature.
	resource of site of unique geologic feature.
f. 🗌 🗎	Other factors?
	<u> </u>
MITIGATION ME	EASURES / 🛛 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS
Lot Size	☐ Project Design ☐ Phase I Archaeology Report

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to cultural resources, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to cultural resources in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles County General Plan, a review of the Directory of Historic Properties for Los Angeles County compiled by the Office of Historic Preservation, and a review of published literature germane to the proposed ordinance.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to archaeological, historical or paleontological resources. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a

reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION					
Considering the above	information, could the	he project le	ave a signifi	cant impact	(individually or
cumulatively) on archaeo	O ,				
☐ Potentially significant	Less than signifi	icant with proje	ect mitigation	⊠Less tha	n significant/No
impact	-				-

RESOURCES - 5.Mineral Resources

SETTING/IMPACTS							
	Yes	No I	Maybe				
a.				Would the project result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? The proposed ordinance would not likely result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and state. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, and subject to the CA Surface Mining and Reclamation Act. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects mineral resources, the a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resources.			
b.				Would the project result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource discovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? The proposed ordinance would not likely result in the loss of availability of locally important mineral resource discovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, and subject to the CA Surface Mining and Reclamation Act. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects mineral resources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource discovery site.			
C.				Other factors?			
	MITI Lot S		ON ME	ASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS Project Design			

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to cultural resources, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to mineral resources in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to California Geological Survey publications and the County of Los Angeles General Plan.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to mineral resources. This is

due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), as well as General Plan policies that protect known mineral resources reserves from encroachment of incompatible land uses (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Land Use Element Policy 26).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION

Considering	the	above	information,	could	the	project	leave	а	significant	impact	(individually	OI
cumulatively)	on r	nineral	resources?									
Potentially	/ sigr	nificant	Less that	an sign	ificar	nt with pr	oject n	nitig	gation 🖂 L	ess tha	n significant	:/Nc
impact												

RESOURCES - 6. Agriculture Resources

SE	TTIN	IG/IM	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.				Would the project convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? Although there are known unincorporated areas that include areas identified by the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, the proposed ordinance would not likely result in development in such areas. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects farmland from conversion to non-agricultural uses, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use, or create significant impacts.
b.				Would the project conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract? Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to conflict with the existing zoning. Furthermore, Los Angeles County does not participate in agricultural Williamson Act contracts (Source: California State Department of Conservation).
C.				Would the project involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use? Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Department of Regional Planning, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects farmland from conversion to non-agricultural uses, the granting a reasonable accommodation is not likely to involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location and nature,

could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use, or create significant impacts.

DRAFT January 19, 201	JRAFT	January	19,	201	1
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d.				Other factors?
	MITIC	GATIO	N ME	ASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS
	Lot S	ize		☐ Project Design

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to cultural resources, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to agricultural resources in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the California Department of Conservation (CDC) Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) and the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to agricultural resources. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), as well as General Plan policies that protect agricultural resources from encroachment of incompatible land uses (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan Land Use Element Policies 21, 22, 23).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless,

the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION								
Considering the above	information, could the project leave a significant impact (individually or							
cumulatively) on agriculture resources?								
☐ Potentially significant	☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No							
impact								

				RESOURCES - 7. Visual Qualities
SE	ΓΤΙΝ	G/IMPA	CTS	
	Yes	No Ma	vhe	
	Yes	No Ma	ybe	Is the project site substantially visible from or will it obstruct views along a scenic highway (as shown on the Scenic Highway Element), or is it located within a scenic corridor or will it otherwise impact the viewshed? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts to scenic vistas, including views along a scenic highway or scenic corridor. A scenic vista is typically defined as a public view of highly valued visual and scenic resources such as urban skylines and distant mountain ranges, particularly from public vantage points. The diverse landscape of unincorporated Los Angeles County contains many scenic vistas, and including portions of Mulholland Highway, Las Virgenes Road, Malibu Canyon Road, and Angeles Crest Highway that are adopted Scenic Highways. However, the project is a discretionary procedure that is not likely to result in development that would impact these resources. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requesting reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed
			1 1 1 1	through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects visual resources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in an area that is substantially visible from, nor will it obstruct views along, a scenic highway, as shown in the Scenic Highway Element; nor is it likely to be located within a scenic corridor; nor will it likely otherwise impact the viewshed. In addition, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create significant impacts.
b.			1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Is the project substantially visible from or will it obstruct views from a regional riding or hiking trail? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from developments that are substantially visible from or that will obstruct views from a regional riding or hiking trail. Trails are scenic and recreational resources that exist within the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. However, the proposed project is a discretionary procedure and is not likely to create impacts to these resources. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, and as the General Plan protects viewsheds and visual resources, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to be located in an area that is substantially visible from, nor will it obstruct views from, a regional riding or hiking trail. In addition, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create significant impacts.
C.				Is the project site located in an undeveloped or undisturbed area, which contains unique aesthetic features? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from development in undeveloped or undisturbed areas which contain unique aesthetic features. Although there are undeveloped or undisturbed areas throughout the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County, the proposed project creates a discretionary procedure that would not likely result in

				such development. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate a project in an undeveloped or undisturbed area that contains unique aesthetic features, or create significant impacts.			
d. [Is the proposed use out-of-character in comparison to adjacent uses because of height, bulk, or other features? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from development that is out of character in comparison to adjacent uses because of height, bulk or other features. The proposed project creates a discretionary procedure that would not likely result in such development because future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to be out of character in comparison to adjacent uses, because of height, bulk or other features, or create significant impacts.			
e. [Is the project likely to create substantial sun shadow, light or glare problems? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to create impacts from substantial sun shadow, light or glare problems. The proposed project creates a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request waivers or exceptions to rules when necessary and reasonable, to ensure fair housing access. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create substantial sun shadow, light or glare problems, or create significant impacts.			
f. [Other factors (e.g., grading or land form alteration):			
	☐ MITIGATION MEASURES / ☑ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ☐ Lot Size ☐ Project Design ☐ Visual Report ☐ Compatible Use						

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to aesthetics or visual resources, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to visual resources and aesthetics in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles General Plan and expert knowledge regarding the visual character of the area affected by the proposed ordinance.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to aesthetics and visual resources. This is due to the following:

CONCLUSION

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health). Future requests for reasonable accommodation must be consistent with General Plan policies that provide protection to lands of major scenic value and ensure compatibility of development (Source: Los Angeles County General Plan)

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUCION						
Considering the above i	nformation, could	the project	have a signi	ficant impact	(individually	or
cumulatively) on scenic qu	ualities?					
☐ Potentially significant	Less than sign	ificant with pr	oject mitigation	│ ⊠Less tha	n significant/N	10
impact						

SERVICES - 1. Traffic/Access

SE.	ΓΤΙΝ	G/IMF	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
а.				Does the project contain 25 dwelling units, or more and is it located in an area with known congestion problems (roadway or intersections)? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to create traffic impacts from the development of 25 dwelling units or more. While there are known congestion problems in the unincorporated areas, the project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages a low level of service for circulation, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in an increase in congestion problems, or create significant impacts.
Ο.				Will the project result in any hazardous traffic conditions? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in any hazardous traffic conditions. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages poor circulation and safety hazards, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in any hazardous traffic conditions, or create significant impacts.
Э.				Will the project result in parking problems with a subsequent impact on traffic conditions? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in any parking problems with a subsequent impact on traffic conditions. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan, the granting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in parking problems with a subsequent impact on traffic conditions.
d.				Will inadequate access during an emergency (other than fire hazards) result in problems for emergency vehicles or residents/employees in the area? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in or be located in areas that have inadequate access during an emergency that would result in problems for emergency vehicles. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning, Fire Department, and Public Works,

	be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages inadequate emergency access, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in inadequate access during an emergency for emergency vehicles or residents/employees in the area, or create significant impacts.				
e.	Will the congestion management program (CMP) Transportation Impact Analysis thresholds of 50 peak hour vehicles added by project traffic to a CMP highway system intersection or 150 peak hour trips added by project traffic to a mainline freeway link be exceeded? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to generate a significant number of increased trips. The proposed ordinance creates a discretionary procedure, and would not likely result in increased trip generation. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages poor circulation, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to exceed thresholds outlined in the congestion management program (CMP), or create significant impacts.				
f.	Would the project conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation. The proposed ordinance establishes a discretionary procedure through which any impacts could be evaluated. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to County environmental and land use provisions and require the appropriate permits and approvals issued by the County Departments of Regional Planning and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation.				
g. 🗌 🗎 🗎	Other factors?				
MITIGATION ME Project Design	EASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS Traffic Report Consultation with Traffic & Lighting Division				
	undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to				
grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact related to traffic and access, thus requiring the					

as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to transportation an traffic.

Plan and the adopted Congestion Management Program (CMP).

consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to transportation and traffic in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the County of Los Angeles (County) General

This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), as well as General Plan policies that encourage efficient and adequate transportation and access.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on the physical environment due to **traffic/access** factors? ☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No impact

SERVICES - 2. Sewage Disposal

SETTING/IMPACTS											
•	Yes	No	Maybe								
a.				If served by a community sewage system, could the project create capacity problems at the treatment plant?							
				The proposed ordinance would not likely create capacity problems at a sewage treatment plant. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary							
				procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> for residential uses, and may result in							
				the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the							
				General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation will require							
				the appropriate permits and approvals from the County Departments of Health and Public							
				Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above							
				would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As							
				a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and							
				zoning program and as the General Plan discourages such impacts, a reasonable							
				accommodation is not likely to create capacity problems at a community treatment plant.							
b.			\boxtimes	Could the project create capacity problems in the sewer lines serving the project							
				site?							
				The proposed ordinance would not likely result in capacity problems in sewer lines. Future							
				requests for reasonable accommodation will require the appropriate permits and approvals							
				from the County Departments of Health and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as							
				applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through							
				project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation							
				cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General							
				Plan encourages adequate infrastructure, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create							
				capacity problems in the sewer lines serving a potential project site, or create significant							
				impacts.							
C.				Other factors?							
CT /	/ NID	VDD 4		REQUIREMENTS							
				and Industrial Waste Ordinance No. 6130							
		•		Ordinance No. 2269							
ַ .	IGIT	.ə.i ig (74 Maria 100 110. 2200							
	■ MITIGATION MEASURES / ⊠ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS										

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact on sewage disposal facilities, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to sewage disposal facilities in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to the California Integrated Waste Management Board Web site, the County of Los Angeles Draft Public Services and Facilities Element and the adopted County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan Safety Element.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to sewage disposal

facilities. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health). Future requests for reasonable accommodation will be subject to all applicable County codes and policies, in addition to regulations per Title 25 CCR §784, 786, and 788, regarding sewage disposal, underground sewage tanks, and maintenance.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION

Considering	the	above	information,	could	the	project	have	а	significant	impact	(individually	or
cumulatively)	on tl	he phys	ical environm	ent due	e to s	sewage (dispos	sal	facilities?			
☐ Potentially	y sigr	nificant	Less that	an sign	ificar	nt with pr	oject n	nitiç	gation 🖂 L	ess tha	n significant	/No
impact												

	SERVICES - <u>3. Education</u>							
SE.	TTIN	G/IMF	PACTS					
	Yes	No	Maybe					
a.				Could the project create capacity problems at the district level? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to create capacity problems at the district level. There are known capacity problems within some school districts in the unincorporated area. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General Plan and Zoning Code. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan encourages adequate public facilities, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create capacity problems at the district level.				
b.				Could the project create capacity problems at individual schools which will serve the project site? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in any capacity problems at individual schools. The proposed ordinance establishes a discretionary procedure, and future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan encourages adequate public facilities, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create capacity problems at individual schools.				
C.			⊠Co	The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in any student transportation problems. The proposed ordinance creates a discretionary procedure, and future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan encourages adequate public facilities and discourages poor circulation, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create student transportation problems.				
d.				Could the project create substantial library impacts due to increased population and demand? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in any substantial library impacts due to increased population and demand. The proposed ordinance creates a discretionary procedure, and future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan encourages adequate facilities, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create substantial library impacts. In addition, due the scope of the ordinance, it is unlikely that a reasonable accommodation will result in a significant increase in population				

County of Los Angeles web site.

	and demand for library facilities.						
e. 🗌 🗎	Other factors?						
 MITIGATION MEASURES / ☑ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ☐ Site Dedication ☐ Government Code Section 65995 ☐ Library Facilities Mitigation Fee 							
The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance to establish a discretionary procedure to							
grant reasonable accommodations may have a significant impact on educational facilities, thus requiring the							
consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California							
Environmental Quality	y Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The poten	tial for impacts related to educati	ion in the area subject to				

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts to educational facilities. This is due to the following:

the proposed ordinance was evaluated based on review of the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan and the

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health). Future requests for reasonable accommodation will be subject to all applicable County codes and policies, in addition to regulations per Title 25 CCR §784, 786, and 788, regarding sewage disposal, underground sewage tanks, and maintenance.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable

accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) relative to **educational** facilities/services? ☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No impact

SERVICES - 4. Fire/Sheriff Services

5 ⊏	SETTING/IMPACTS						
	Yes	No	Maybe				
a.				Could the project create staffing or response time problems at the fire station or sheriff's substation serving the project site? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to create staffing or response time problems. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, and as the General Plan encourages adequate facilities and emergency response, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create staffing or response time problems at the fire station or sheriff's substation serving a potential project site.			
b.				Are there any special fire or law enforcement problems associated with the project or the general area? The proposed ordinance establishes a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to obtain equal access to residential uses. Although there are a variety of special fire and law enforcement problems throughout the unincorporated area, the project is not likely to worsen these problems. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to be associated with, or located in, an area with special fire or law enforcements problems.			
C.				Other factors?			
=	☐ MITIGATION MEASURES / ☑ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ☐ Fire Mitigation Fees						

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact to fire and sheriff services, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to public services in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated based on review of the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan, the County of Los Angeles web site and expert interviews.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on fire and sheriffs services that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc.

Requests for *reasonable accommodation* that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health).

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION

Considering the	above	information,	could	the	project	have	а	significant	impact	(individually	or
cumulatively) rela	ative to fi	i re/sheriff sei	vices?								
Potentially sig	nificant	Less that	an sign	ificar	nt with pr	oject n	nitiç	gation 🖂 L	ess tha	n significant	/No
impact											

SERVICES - 5. Utilities/Other Services

SE.	TTIN	G/IMI	PACTS	OLIVIOLO C. Chinaco, Chica Col Video
	Yes		Maybe	
a.				Is the project site in an area known to have an inadequate public water supply to meet domestic needs or to have an inadequate ground water supply and proposes water wells? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in development in areas known thave an inadequate public water supply to meet domestic needs or to have an inadequate ground water supply nor propose water wells. While there are unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County known to have an inadequate public water supply to meet domestic needs or that have inadequate groundwater supply, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's water and plumbing provisions and require the appropriate permit and approvals from the County Departments of Public Health, Regional Planning, Fire and Public Works, as applicable. Furthermore, all future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages the impacts associated with an inadequate supply of water, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to create such impacts.
b.				Is the project site in an area known to have an inadequate water supply and/or pressure to meet fire-fighting needs? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in development in areas known to have an inadequate water supply and/or pressures to meet fire-fighting needs. There are areas in the unincorporated County that are known to have an inadequate water supply and/or pressure to meet fire-fighting needs. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to the County's water and plumbing provisions and require the appropriate permit and approvals from the County Departments of Public Health, Regional Planning, Fire and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. Furthermore, as a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan discourages projects with an inadequate water supply for fire fighting and other needs, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to locate projects in such areas or create significant impacts.
C.				Could the project create problems with providing utility services, such as electricity, gas, or propane? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to create problems with providing utility services, such as electricity, gas, or propane. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, and as the General Plan discourages problems associated with providing utility services, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.
d.				Are there any other known service problem areas (e.g., solid waste)? There is an overall shortage in the County's landfill facilities.

DRAFT January 19, 2011	
provis physic signific respon facilitie The pr physic facilitie which ratios, facilitie reason Theref review accom the gra physic facilitie which ratios, facilitie reason review facilitie review accom the gra physic facilitie which	In the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the ion of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or cally altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause cant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios has times or other performance objectives for any of the public services of es (e.g., fire protection, police protection, schools, parks, roads)? Oposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from substantial adversed impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental es, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable services of es (e.g., fire protection, police protection, schools, parks, roads). Future requests for able accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable ore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA and mitigation may be required. However, it should be noted that a reasonable modation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program unting of a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in substantial adverse al impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental es, necessitate new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable services response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services of esc.
f.	factors?
STANDARD CODE REQUI	

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact to utilities or other services, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to public services in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated based on review of the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan, the County of Los Angeles web site and expert interviews.

☐ MITIGATION MEASURES / ☐ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Project Design

☐ Lot Size

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on utilities or other services. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

CONCLUSION

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), and regulations related to water quality, supply, and solid waste disposal per Title 25 CCR §770, §772, §774, and §742.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

001102001011							
Considering the above in		the project	have a	significant	impact	(individually	or
cumulatively) relative to ut							
☐ Potentially significant	Less than sign	ificant with p	roject mitiga	ation 🖂 L	ess thar	n significant/	No
impact							

OTHER FACTORS - 1. General

SE	TTIN	G/IMF	PACTS	
	Yes	No	Maybe	
a.			\boxtimes	Will the project result in an inefficient use of energy resources?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in an inefficient use of energy
				resources. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA
				review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed
				through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, it should be
				noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use
				and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to use energy efficiently, a
				reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in such activities.
b.			\boxtimes	Will the project result in a major change in the patterns, scale, or character of the
υ.		ш		general area or community?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in a major change in the patterns,
				scale or character of the general area or community. Future requests for reasonable
				accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any
				impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and
				mitigation may be required. However, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation
				cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General
				Plan contains policies to preserve the patterns, scale or character of areas and communities, a
				reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in a such activities.
C.			\boxtimes	Will the project result in a significant reduction in the amount of agricultural land?
0.		ш		The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in a significant reduction in the
				amount of agricultural land. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to
				project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would
				be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However,
				it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of
				the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to encourage the
				preservation of agricultural land, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in a
				significant reduction in the amount of agricultural land.
d.				Other factors?
			_	
				REQUIREMENTS
	State	e Adm	inistrat	ive Code, Title 24, Part 5, T-20 (Energy Conservation)
	MITI	GATIO	ON ME	ASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS
	Lot s			☐ Project Design ☐ Compatible Use

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed to the zoning code may have a significant impact on the environment, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to public services in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated based on review of the County of Los Angeles (County) General Plan the County of Los Angeles web site, and expert interviews.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on utilities or other services

that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), and regulations related to water quality, supply, and solid waste disposal per Title 25 CCR §770, §772, §774, and §742.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or cumulatively) on the physical environment due to any of the above factors? Potentially significant Less than significant with project mitigation Less than significant/No impact

OTHER FACTORS - 2. Environmental Safety

SE			PACTS	
	Yes	No I	Maybe	
a.	Ш		\boxtimes	Are any hazardous materials used, transported, produced, handled, or stored on-site?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from hazards and
				hazardous materials with respect to creating a significant hazard to the public or the
				environment through the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials. Hazardous
				wastes are by-products that can pose a substantial or potential hazard to human health or the
				environment when improperly managed. Hazardous wastes possess at least one of four
				characteristics (ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity), or appear on special
				Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) lists. Future requests for reasonable
				accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any
				impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and
				mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies
				to discourage such activities in proximity to residential uses, a reasonable accommodation is
				not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. In
				addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation will require appropriate permits
				from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public
				Works, as applicable.
b.			\boxtimes	Are any pressurized tanks to be used or any hazardous wastes stored on-site?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from pressurized tanks
				being used or any hazardous wastes being used on-site. Future requests for reasonable
				accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any
				impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and
				mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally
				alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies
				to discourage such activities in proximity to residential uses, a reasonable accommodation is
				not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. In
				addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation will require appropriate permits
				from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public
				Works, as applicable.
C.	Ш	Ш	\boxtimes	Are any residential units, schools, or hospitals located within 500 feet and potentially adversely affected?
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from residential units,
				schools, or hospitals located within 500 feet and potentially adversely affected with respect
				to creating a significant hazard to the public or the environment. Future requests for
				reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable.
				Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA
				review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot
				fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan
				contains policies to discourage such activities in proximity to residential uses, schools and hospitals, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these
				characteristics or create significant impacts. In addition, future requests for <i>reasonable</i>
				accommodation will require appropriate permits from the County Departments of Fire,
				Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public Works, as applicable.
d.			\boxtimes	Have there been previous uses that indicate residual soil toxicity of the site or is the

site located within two miles downstream of a known groundwater contamination source within the same watershed?

The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in locating a reasonable accommodation in areas with or within two miles downstream of a known groundwater contamination source within the same watershed. There are sites with soil toxicity problems and known groundwater contamination sources throughout the unincorporated areas of Los Angeles County. Future requests for *reasonable accommodation* are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to discourage such activities, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. In addition, future requests for *reasonable accommodation* will require appropriate permits from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public Works, as applicable.

e.		Would the project create a significant hazard to the public or the environment involving the accidental release of hazardous materials into the environment? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from hazards and hazardous materials with respect to creating a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous material. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to discourage such activities, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. In addition, future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> will require appropriate permits from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public Works, as applicable.
f.		Would the project emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from hazards and hazardous materials with respect to the emission of hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within 0.25 mile of an existing or proposed school. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to discourage such development in such areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. In addition, future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> will require appropriate permits from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public Works, as applicable.
g.		Would the project be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would create a significant hazard to the public or environment? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts related to being located on a site that is included on a list of hazardous materials sites, creating a significant hazard to the public of the environment. According to the California Department of Toxic Substances Control, there are an estimated 694 sites in Los Angeles County that are either contaminated

h.				clean-up and the necessary site remediation are completed. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> will require appropriate permits from the County Departments of Fire, Public Health (Environmental Health), and Public Works, as applicable. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA, as applicable. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to discourage development in such areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. Would the project result in a safety hazard for people in a project area located within an airport land use plan, within two miles of a public or public use airport, or within the vicinity of a private airstrip? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from hazards and hazardous materials due to the area affected by the proposed policy being located in the vicinity of a private airstrip, resulting in the potential for safety hazards for people residing or working in the area affected by the proposed ordinance. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to discourage development in such areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.	
				emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts from hazards and hazardous materials from impairing the implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The proposed ordinance does not alter, reference, or provide guidance regarding the implementation of an emergency plan, nor would the ordinance allow reasonable accommodations to physically interfere with an emergency plan. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to encourage adequate emergency response, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.	
j.				Other factors?	
	■ MITIGATION MEASURES / ☑ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ■ Toxic Clean up Plan				

potentially contaminated (Source: EnviroStor). It is possible that reasonable

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact on environmental safety, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for the impacts related to hazards and hazardous materials in the area subject to the proposed ordinance were evaluated based on expert opinion supported by facts, review of environmental databases, and the County of Los Angeles

(County) General Plan.

The analysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on environmental safety that would create hazards from exposing people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), and regulations related to water quality, supply, and solid waste disposal per Title 25 CCR §770, §772, §774, and §742.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSIONConsidering the above information, could the project have a significant impact relative to **public safety**? ☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation ☐ Less than significant/No impact

OTHER FACTORS - 3. Land Use

	MITI	GATIC)N MF	ASURES / OTHER CONSIDERATIONS
e.				Other factors? <u>N/A</u>
				The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in impacts to land use and planning through the physical division of an established community. The proposed ordinance does not alter, reference, or provide guidance regarding the development of circulation elements that may affect a community's connectivity. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan contains policies to encourage neighborhood character, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.
d.			\boxtimes	Would the project physically divide an established community?
				Other? N/A
			\boxtimes	SEA Conformance Criteria?
			\boxtimes	Hillside Management Criteria?
c.				Can the project be found to be inconsistent with the following applicable land use criteria:
b.				Can the project be found to be inconsistent with the zoning designation of the subject property? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to allow for a reasonable accommodation that is inconsistent with a zoning designation. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA, as applicable. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to be inconsistent with the zoning designation(s) of the subject property.
a.	res		Maybe	Can the project be found to be inconsistent with the plan designation(s) of the subject property? The proposed ordinance could not found to be inconsistent with the plan designation. The proposed ordinance is a program of the 2008 Housing Element of the General Plan. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, which would include the General Plan.
SE			ACTS	

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact on the land use, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to land use and

planning in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated in light of the adopted published maps, adopted General Plan and Housing Element, and in coordination with U.S. Fish and Wildlife and California Department of Fish and Game, with regard to the applicable proposed or adopted land use plans and regulations.

The anlysis conlcudes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on land use. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), and regulations related to water quality, supply, and solid waste disposal per Title 25 CCR §770, §772, §774, and §742.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

CONCLUSION Considering the above information could the project have a significant could be project be a significant could be project by a significant could be considered by a

Considering the above	e information, could the project have a signif	licant impact (individually of
cumulatively) on the phy-	sical environment due to land use factors?	
☐ Potentially significant	Less than significant with project mitigation	Less than significant/No
impact		

OTHER FACTORS - 4. Population/Housing/Employment/Recreation

SE		IG/IMP		
a.	Yes	No M	Maybe ⊠	Could the project cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in cumulative impacts to exceed regional or local population projections. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through a project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan is based on population projections, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or
b.				Could the project induce substantial direct or indirect growth in an area (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to induce direct or indirect growth in an area through for example, projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan is based on population projections, a reasonable accommodation is not to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.
C.				Could the project displace existing housing, especially affordable housing? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to displace existing housing, including affordable housing. Future requests for <i>reasonable accommodation</i> are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, it should be noted that a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan is based on population projections, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts.
d.				Could the project result in a substantial job/housing imbalance or substantial increase in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)? The proposed ordinance would not be expected to result in a substantial jobs/housing imbalance or substantial increase in VMTs. Future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, any impacts related to the above would be addressed through project-level CEQA review and mitigation may be required. However, a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan official population projections, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to allow a project with these characteristics or create significant impacts. Due to the limited scope of the ordinance, it is unlikely that a reasonable accommodation will result in substantial job/housing imbalance or a substantial increase in VMT.
e.				Could the project require new or expanded recreational facilities for future residents? The proposed ordinance would not result in impacts to population and housing that would require new or expanded recreational facilities. The ordinance is limited to providing fair and equal access to residential uses, and is not related to recreational uses.

DRAFT January 19, 2011					
f.					
g. Other factors?					
MITICATION MEASURES / MOTHER CONSIDERATIONS					

☐ MITIGATION MEASURES / ☒ OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

The above analysis is undertaken to determine if the proposed ordinance may have a significant impact on population, housing, employment or recreation, thus requiring the consideration of mitigation measures or alternatives, in accordance with Section 15063 of the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines. The potential for impacts related to population and housing in the area subject to the proposed ordinance was evaluated with regard to state, regional, and local data and forecasts for population, employment and housing, and the anticipted incidence of reasonable accommodations, per empirical data from this and other local juridisctions.

The anlaysis concludes that the proposed ordinance will not result in significant impacts on population, housing, employment or recreation. This is due to the following:

The ordinance is not likely to facilitate new development. The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to create a discretionary procedure for persons with disabilities to request reasonable accommodation, pursuant to state and federal Fair Housing laws. Requests for reasonable accommodation will be considered through a staff-level, administrative review. Based on research of the County's and other local jurisdictions' experience, the accommodations granted are likely to be modifications to standards or procedures that have no impact on the physical environment. Most reasonable accommodation requests are likely to be for the construction of alternative access for single family homes, such as wheel chair ramps, elevator shafts, etc. Requests for reasonable accommodation that meet the requirements of Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) or Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) of the Public Resources Code are exempt from project-level environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The ordinance has limited applicability. A request for a reasonable accommodation will be approved or denied pursuant to the following findings: that the accommodation is necessary for a person with a disability to have fair and equal access to housing; that the request will not be a fundamental alteration to the nature of the land use and zoning program; and that the request does not result in an undue financial or administrative burden to the County. These findings ensure that existing policies and standards that minimize risks to life and property such as those outlined in the General Plan, are not fundamentally altered in order to grant a reasonable accommodation.

There are existing measures in place that limit any potential impacts. All future requests for reasonable accommodations are subject to project-level CEQA review, as applicable. Therefore, if a reasonable accommodation would be located within in close proximity to a significant hazard or create impacts, project-level CEQA review would address the impacts, and mitigation may be required. In addition, future requests for reasonable accommodation are subject to applicable County codes and policies, including approvals from the Los Angeles County Departments of Regional Planning, Public Works, Fire, and Public Health (Environmental Health), and regulations related to water quality, supply, and solid waste disposal per

Title 25 CCR §770, §772, §774, and §742.

It is important to note that requests for reasonable accommodation are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. As such, the number, location, specific characteristics and environmental impacts of requests are unforseeable. Nonetheless, the limited applicability and required findings, in addition to the fact that each request for reasonable accommodation will be subject to project-level CEQA review, minimize the potential for impacts on the physical environment.

information, could the project have a significal environment due to population, housing, e	
 Less than significant with project mitigation	⊠Less than significant/No

MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Based on this Initial Study, the following findings are made:

	Yes	NO	Maybe		
a.				Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? The project is a proposed amendment to the zoning code to provide a discretionary procedure for requests for reasonable accommodation for residential uses, and may result in the granting of a reasonable accommodation to a policy, procedure, or standard in the General	
				Plan and Zoning Code. As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program, and as the General Plan protects natural habitats	
				and environmentally sensitive areas, a reasonable accommodation is not likely to result in the substantial degradation of the quality of the environment, the substantial reduction of the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, nor eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history of prehistory.	
b.				Does the project have possible environmental effects which are individually limited but cumulatively considerable? "Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of an individual project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects. Given the limited scope of the ordinance, and the findings required to grant a reasonable accommodation, it is unlikely that reasonable accommodations can result in cumulatively	
				considerable environmental effects.	
C.				Will the environmental effects of the project cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? As a reasonable accommodation cannot fundamentally alter the nature of the land use and zoning program and as the General Plan protects people from adverse impacts, a reasonable	
CO	NICI	USIO	. N.I	accommodation is not likely to have such impacts.	
				pove information, could the project have a significant impact (individually or	
				environment?	
☐ Potentially significant ☐ Less than significant with project mitigation					
\boxtimes L	ess	than	significa	ant/ No impact	